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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/778,096	02/07/2001	Hideyuki Iriyama	DAIN:574	4560
75	590 05/10/2002			
Parkhurst, Wendel, L.L.P. Suite 210 1421 Prince Street			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, KIMBERLY T	
Alexandria, VA	22314-2805			PAPER NUMBER
			1774	
			DATE MAILED: 05/10/2002	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

	Application No.	Appant(s)				
	09/778,096	IRIYAMA, HIDEYUKI				
Office Action Summ ry	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kimberly T. Nguyen	1774				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Peri d for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address	S			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory power of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sower and the period for reply will be sower a	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a in. a reply within the statutory minimum of the eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	n reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this commun ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	lication.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disp sition of Claims	•	•				
4) \boxtimes Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the applic	ation.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 14 and 15 is/are	withdrawn from consideratio	n.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			•			
8) Claim(s) 1-15 are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exar						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ a	•					
Applicant may not request that any objection		• • •				
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _		disapproved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required	• •					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	reign priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
 Certified copies of the priority docur 	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
Certified copies of the priority docur	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internationa * See the attached detailed Office action for a 	al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	•	е			
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for don	•		lication).			
a) The translation of the foreign language 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor	e provisional application has	been received.	,			
Attachment(s)		••				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No.	3) 5) Notice o	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152				
S. Patent and Trademark Office	 					



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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-13, drawn to a decorative sheet, classified in class 428, subclass 200.
- II. Claims 14-15, drawn to an in-mold decorating injection molding method, classified in class 156, subclass 238.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product as claimed can be made by a materially different process such as making separate molding resin layers and laminating them to the decorative sheet.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Chuck Wendel on April 2, 2002 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-13. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 14-15 withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

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Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 6, it is not clear what is meant by the phrase an acrylic resin contained or..."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.



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Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brooks et al., U.S. Pat. No. 4,948,654 in view of Vasselin et al., U.S. Pat. No. 5,616,418 in further view of Enlow et al., U.S. Pat. No. 6,336,988-B1.

Brooks shows a decorative coating comprising a polyolefin substrate (injection-molded resin molding), a polyolefin layer (resin/bonding layer), a tie layer comprising an acrylic ester copolymer (primer), a decorative layer, and at least one topcoat comprising acrylic polyols (base sheet) (Figure 1 and column 2, lines 39-46 and column 5, line 42 to column 6, line64). Brooks shows that the decorative layer comprises a colorant and film-forming binder (column 5, lines 61-66).

Brooks does not show that the polyolefin layer is modified with at least an acrylic monomer as in instant claims 1, 2, and 9. Vasselin shows a decorative article comprising at least one acrylic-modified polyolefin (Abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the polyolefins in Brooks with a acrylic monomer since it is known, as shown by Vasselin, that such a modification enhances the mechanical strength, dimensional stability, and adhesive bonding of molded articles.

Though Brooks shows that the decorative layer comprises a colorant and film-forming binder, Brooks does not show that the decorative layer comprises an acrylic resin as in instant claim 6. Enlow shows a decorative film comprising a pigmented color coat (decorative layer) which comprises acrylic resins. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use an acrylic resin in the decorative layer of Brooks since it is known that acrylic resins are used in the art as a colorant with a binder.

Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kimberly T. Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 308-8176. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday, except on every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia H. Kelly can be reached on (703) 308-0449. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Kimberly T. Nguyen Examiner May 8, 2002 CYNTHIA H. KELLY SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

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